Sixty-fifth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

FIRST ENGROSSMENT with House Amendments ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2029

Introduced by

Legislative Management

(Agriculture and Natural Resources Committee)

1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact chapters 4.1-18, 4.1-20, 4.1-21, 4.1-22, and 4.1-48 of the

- 2 North Dakota Century Code, relating to revisions of agriculture laws regarding industrial hemp,
- 3 soil conservation districts laws, forestry and tree distribution, nurseries, and potato production

4 contracts; to amend and reenact section 57-38-34.6 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating

5 to optional contributions to the trees for North Dakota program trust; and to provide a penalty.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

7 SECTION 1. Chapter 4.1-18 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as
8 follows:

9 <u>4.1-18-01. Industrial hemp (cannabis sativa I.) - Oilseed.</u>

- 10 Industrial hemp (cannabis sativa I.), having no more than three-tenths of one percent
- 11 <u>tetrahydrocannabinol, is recognized as an oilseed. Upon meeting the requirements of</u>
- 12 section 4.1-18-02, any person in this state may plant, grow, harvest, possess, process, sell, and
- 13 buy industrial hemp (cannabis sativa I.) having no more than three-tenths of one percent
- 14 tetrahydrocannabinol.
- 15 <u>4.1-18-02. Industrial hemp Licensure Reporting requirements Continuing</u>

16 <u>appropriation.</u>

- 17 <u>1.</u> <u>Any person desiring to grow or process viable kernels of industrial hemp for</u>
- 18 <u>commercial purposes or research shall apply to the agriculture commissioner for a</u>
- 19 <u>license on a form prescribed by the commissioner.</u>
- a. The application for a license must include the name and address of the applicant
 and the legal description of the land area to be used to produce or process
 industrial hemp.
- 23b.Except for employees of the state seed department, the agricultural experiment24station, or the North Dakota state university extension service involved in

2 applicant for initial licensure to submit to a statewide and nationwide criminal. 3 history record check. The nationwide criminal history record check must be. 4 conducted in the manner provided in section 12-60-24. All costs associated with. 5 the criminal history record check are the responsibility of the applicant. 6 c. Criminal history records provided to the commissioner under this section are. 7 confidential. The commissioner may use the records only in determining an 8 applicant's eligibility for licensure. 9 d. Any person with a prior criminal conviction may be denied licensure. 10 e. If the applicant has completed the application process to the satisfaction of the. 11 commissioner, the commissioner shall issue the license, which is valid for a. 12 period of one year. 13 f. Any person licensed under this section is presumed to be growing or processing. 14 industrial hemp for commercial purposes or research. 15 g. Alicense required by this section is not conditioned on or subject to review or. 16 approval by the United States drug enforcement agency. 17 h. This subsection does not apply to any person licensed by the United States drug 18 enforcement agency to conduct research. </th <th>1</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>research and extension-related activities, the commissioner shall require each</th>	1			research and extension-related activities, the commissioner shall require each
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29 <u>during growth, harvest, and processing and to allow the industrial hemp to be tested</u>	27			the hemp was sold or distributed.
	28	<u>3.</u>	<u>The</u>	e commissioner shall adopt rules to provide for oversight of the industrial hemp
30 during growth for tetrahydrocannabinol levels.	29		<u>dur</u>	ing growth, harvest, and processing and to allow the industrial hemp to be tested
	30		<u>dur</u>	ing growth for tetrahydrocannabinol levels.

1	<u>4.</u>	The commissioner shall assess each applicant a fee of one hundred fifty dollars plus		
2		twenty-five dollars per acre.		
3	<u>5.</u>	Fees collected under this chapter must be deposited in the commissioner's operating		
4		fund and are appropriated to the department on a continuing basis for the purpose of		
5		enforcing this chapter.		
6	<u>4.1-</u>	18-03. Industrial hemp seed - Authorized activity - Research.		
7	The	agriculture commissioner, North Dakota state university, and any other person licensed		
8	<u>under th</u>	is chapter may import, resell, and plant industrial hemp seed, cultivate the growing		
9	<u>plant, ar</u>	nd harvest any resulting crop, for any legally permissible purpose, including an		
10	<u>authoriz</u>	ed pilot program or other agricultural research involving the planting, cultivating, or		
11	marketir	ng of industrial hemp.		
12	SEC	TION 2. Chapter 4.1-20 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as		
13	follows:			
14	<u>4.1-</u>	20-01. Policy and scope of chapter.		
15	<u>It is</u>	the policy of this state and within the scope of this chapter to provide for the		
16	conservation of the soil and soil resources of this state and for the control and prevention of soil			
17	<u>erosion,</u>	and to preserve the state's natural resources, control floods, prevent impairment of		
18	<u>dams ar</u>	nd reservoirs, assist in maintaining the navigability of rivers, preserve wildlife, protect the		
19	tax base	e, protect public lands, and protect and promote the health, safety, and general welfare		
20	of the pe	eople of this state.		
21	<u>4.1-</u>	20-02. Definitions.		
22	<u>In th</u>	is chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:		
23	<u>1.</u>	"Committee" means the state soil conservation committee.		
24	<u>2.</u>	"Director" means the director of the North Dakota state university extension service.		
25	<u>3.</u>	"District" means a political subdivision of this state organized as a soil conservation		
26		district under this chapter.		
27	<u>4.</u>	"Due notice" means notice published at least twice, with at least seven days between		
28		publications, in a newspaper or other publication of general circulation within the		
29		appropriate area.		

1	<u>5.</u>	<u>"Go</u>	vernn	nent" includes the government of this state, the government of the United
2		<u>Stat</u>	es, a	nd any subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, corporate or otherwise, of
3		<u>eith</u>	er of t	them.
4	<u>6.</u>	<u>"Lar</u>	nd oc	cupier" includes any person that holds title to or is in possession of any lands
5		lying	g with	in a district.
6	<u>7.</u>	<u>"Qua</u>	alified	d elector" means an individual who is at least eighteen years old, is a citizen
7		<u>of th</u>	<u>ne Un</u>	ited States, and has resided in the precinct thirty days next preceding the
8		<u>elec</u>	tion.	
9	<u>8.</u>	<u>"Su</u>	oervis	sor" means one of the members of the governing body of a district, elected or
10		app	ointeo	d in accordance with this chapter.
11	<u>4.1-</u>	<u>20-03</u>	8. Sta	te soil conservation committee - Elective and appointive members -
12	Records	s and	l seal	<u>.</u>
13	<u>1.</u>	<u>The</u>	com	mittee shall perform the functions conferred upon it in this chapter within the
14		<u>limit</u>	<u>s of le</u>	egislative appropriations. The committee consists of seven voting members.
15		<u>Five</u>	men	nbers must be elected and two must be appointed by the governor.
16	<u>2.</u>	<u>For</u>	<u>the p</u>	urpose of electing the five elective members of the committee, the state is
17		<u>divic</u>	ded in	to five areas.
18		<u>a.</u>	<u>(1)</u>	Area I includes Benson, Cavalier, Eddy, Foster, Grand Forks, Nelson,
19				Pembina, Ramsey, Towner, Walsh, and Wells Counties.
20			<u>(2)</u>	Area II includes Barnes, Cass, Dickey, Griggs, LaMoure, Ransom, Richland,
21				Sargent, Steele, and Traill Counties.
22			<u>(3)</u>	Area III includes Bottineau, Burke, Divide, McHenry, Mountrail, Pierce,
23				Renville, Rolette, and Ward Counties.
24			<u>(4)</u>	Area IV includes Burleigh, Emmons, Kidder, Logan, McIntosh, McLean,
25				Morton, Oliver, Sheridan, Sioux, and Stutsman Counties.
26			<u>(5)</u>	Area V includes Adams, Billings, Bowman, Dunn, Golden Valley, Grant,
27				Hettinger, McKenzie, Mercer, Stark, Slope, and Williams Counties.
28		<u>b.</u>	<u>One</u>	member of the committee must be elected from each of the five areas by
29			<u>vote</u>	of the members of the boards of supervisors of the districts in that area.
30			Eve	ry voting member of a board of supervisors of a district organized under this

1		chapter is eligible to vote in the election for a member of the committee in the
2		area in which the district is located.
3		c. Elections must be held under rules adopted by the committee and in cooperation
4		with and at the time of the North Dakota association of soil conservation districts
5		area meetings. If the district does not lie wholly within the boundaries of one of
6		the five areas established under this section, the rules must provide for the
7		assignment of the district by the committee, for the purposes of the elections, to
8		the area within which most of its population resides.
9		d. The committee shall conduct the election of members of the committee. The
10		election need not be held on the same dates or in the same places as the
11		general elections for state or local officers.
12	<u>3.</u>	The governor shall appoint two members of the committee. The governor shall appoint
13		individuals who can represent those interests within the state not already represented,
14		or less fully represented, by one or more of the five elected members of the
15		committee. The governor shall attempt, so far as feasible, to make possible suitable
16		representation for all interests in the state in the membership of the committee,
17		including the interests of farmers, livestock growers, rural areas, small and large cities,
18		and industry and business, recognizing that any single member of the committee may
19		sometimes appropriately be regarded as representing more than one of these
20		interests.
21	<u>4.</u>	The committee shall invite representatives of the state association of soil conservation
22		districts, North Dakota state university extension service, soil conservation service,
23		state water commission, agriculture commissioner, and game and fish department to
24		serve as advisory, nonvoting members of the committee.
25	<u>5.</u>	The term of office of every member of the committee is three years and until a
26		successor is elected or appointed. A member of the committee is eligible for reelection
27		and reappointment, but no member may serve for more than two full, successive
28		terms. The governor may fill a vacancy in either an elective or appointive term for the
29		unexpired term.

1	<u>4.1</u> .	20-04. Committee - Chairman - Quorum - Compensation.		
2	The committee shall meet annually and select its chairman, who shall serve until a			
3	successor is selected and takes office. An individual may be selected as chairman for a total of			
4	three te	rms. Additional meetings may be held by the committee as considered necessary by the		
5	<u>chairma</u>	n, at a time and place to be fixed by the chairman. The chairman shall call special		
6	meeting	s upon written request of any four members. The members of the committee are entitled		
7	to receiv	ve one hundred thirty-five dollars per day as compensation for their services on the		
8	<u>committ</u>	ee, and are entitled to expenses, including traveling expenses, necessarily incurred in		
9	the disc	harge of their duties on the committee, in the same manner and at the same rate as		
10	prescrib	ed by law for state employees and officials.		
11	<u>4.1</u>	20-05. Duties and powers generally.		
12	<u>The</u>	committee has the following duties and powers:		
13	<u>1.</u>	To offer such assistance as may be appropriate to the supervisors of districts in the		
14		carrying out of any of their powers and programs.		
15	<u>2.</u>	To keep the supervisors of each of the several districts informed of the activities and		
16		experience of all other districts, and to facilitate an interchange of advice and		
17		experience among such districts and cooperation among them.		
18	<u>3.</u>	To secure the cooperation and assistance of state, federal, regional, interstate, and		
19		local, public, and private agencies with districts and to facilitate arrangements under		
20		which districts may assist or serve county governing bodies and other agencies in the		
21		administration of any activity concerned with the conservation of natural resources.		
22	<u>4.</u>	To review agreements, or forms of agreements, proposed to be entered into by		
23		districts with other districts or with state, federal, interstate, or other public or private		
24		organizations, and advise the districts concerning such agreements or forms of		
25		agreement.		
26	<u>5.</u>	To recommend to the director biennial budgets necessary to finance the activities of		
27		the committee and districts and to distribute moneys appropriated by the legislative		
28		assembly for grants to soil conservation districts.		
29	<u>6.</u>	To represent the state in matters affecting soil conservation.		
30	<u>7.</u>	To require annual reports from districts.		

1	<u>8.</u>	<u>To e</u>	stablish uniform accounting methods that must be used by districts, and to
2		<u>esta</u>	blish a uniform auditing reporting system.
3	<u>9.</u>	<u>To re</u>	eceive from other state and local agencies for review and comment suitable
4		desc	criptions of their plans, programs, and activities affecting the conservation of
5		<u>natu</u>	ral resources for purposes of coordination with district conservation programs;
6		<u>arra</u>	nge for and participate in conferences necessary to avoid conflict among such
7		plan	s and programs; call attention to omissions; and avoid duplication of effort.
8	<u>4.1-</u>	<u>20-06</u>	Extension service assistance to state soil conservation committee - Duties.
9	The	North	n Dakota state university extension service shall assist the committee in
10	performi	ng th	e committee's duties, within the limits of legislative appropriation. The director shall
11	instruct e	exten	sion agents to cooperate in the delivery of information and services to the districts.
12	<u>4.1-</u>	20-07	. Districts - Petition - Contents - More than one petition filed.
13	<u>1.</u>	<u>Any</u>	twenty-five qualified electors living within the limits of the area proposed to be
14		orga	anized into a district may file a petition with the state soil conservation committee
15		<u>aski</u>	ng that a soil conservation district be organized in the area described in the
16		petit	tion. The petition must set forth:
17		<u>a.</u>	The proposed name of the district.
18		<u>b.</u>	The need for a soil conservation district to function in the area described in the
19			petition.
20		<u>C.</u>	A description of the area proposed to be organized as a district.
21		<u>d.</u>	A request that the state soil conservation committee duly define the boundaries
22			for the district, that an election be held within the defined area on the question of
23			the creation of a soil conservation district in that area, and that the committee
24			determine that such a district be created.
25	<u>2.</u>	<u>Whe</u>	en more than one petition is filed covering parts of the same area, the state soil
26		cons	servation committee may consolidate all or any of such petitions.
27	<u>4.1-</u>	<u>20-08</u>	8. Hearings on petitions - When held - Notice - Determinations.
28	<u>1.</u>	With	nin thirty days after a petition under section 4.1-20-07 has been filed, the state soil
29		cons	servation committee shall cause publication of due notice of a hearing on the
30		<u>desi</u>	rability of creation of a soil conservation district, the appropriate boundaries to be
31		assi	aned to the district, the propriety of the petition and the other proceedings taken

1		under this chapter, and upon all other relevant questions. All qualified electors living
2		within the area described in the petition, and of lands within any area considered for
3		addition to the area described in the petition, and all other interested parties have the
4		right to attend and be heard at the hearing. If it appears at the hearing that it may be
5		desirable to include within the proposed district additional area outside of the area
6		within which due notice of hearing has been given, the hearing must be adjourned and
7		due notice of further hearing must be given throughout the entire area considered for
8		inclusion in the district, and further hearing must be held.
9	<u>2.</u>	If the committee determines, upon the facts presented at the hearing and upon other
10		available relevant facts and information, there is need, in the public interest, for a soil
11		conservation district to function in the area considered at the hearing, the committee
12		shall record that determination and define the district boundaries by metes and bounds
13		or legal subdivisions. In making the determination and defining the boundaries, the
14		committee shall give due weight and consideration to:
15		a. The topography of the area considered and of the state;
16		b. The composition of soils, distribution of erosion, prevailing land use practices,
17		and desirability and necessity of including within the boundaries the area under
18		consideration;
19		c. The benefits the area may receive from being included within such boundaries;
20		d. The relation of the proposed area to existing watersheds and agricultural regions,
21		and to other soil conservation districts already organized or proposed for
22		organization under this chapter; and
23		e. Any other relevant physical, geographic, and economic factors, having due
24		regard to the legislative policy set forth in section 4.1-20-01.
25	<u>3.</u>	If the committee determines, after the hearing and due consideration of the relevant
26		facts, there is no need for a soil conservation district to function in the area considered
27		at the hearing, the committee shall record that determination and deny the petition.
28		After six months has expired from the date of the denial of that petition, a subsequent
29		petition covering the same or substantially the same area may be filed and a new
30		hearing held and new determinations made.

1	4.1-20-09. Election - When held - Contents of ballot - Who may vote.
2	After the committee has determined the necessity for the organization of a district and has
3	defined the boundaries of the proposed district, the committee shall hold an election within the
4	proposed district upon the creation of the proposed district and shall cause due notice of the
5	election to be given. The question must be submitted by ballot in substantially the following
6	<u>form:</u>
7	Shall a soil conservation district be created embracing lands situated in the counties of
8	and and described as follows: (Here inserting description).
9	Yes
10	No □
11	All qualified electors residing within the boundaries of the proposed district are entitled to vote in
12	the election.
13	4.1-20-10. Publication of election results - Determination of feasibility of operation of
14	district.
15	The committee shall publish the results of any election. If a majority of the votes cast are in
16	favor of the creation of a district, the committee shall determine whether the operation of a
17	district within the boundaries specified on the election is administratively feasible. In making that
18	determination, the committee shall consider such factors, objects, and other determinations as
19	to accomplish the policy and scope of this chapter as set forth in section 4.1-20-01.
20	4.1-20-11. District determined feasible - Statement filed with secretary of state.
21	If the committee determines the operation of a proposed district is administratively feasible,
22	the committee shall file with the secretary of state a certified statement identifying the
23	boundaries and name of that district. The statement must include the reasons for the formation
24	of the district and the result of the election.
25	4.1-20-12. District to be a political subdivision - Boundaries of district.
26	Upon the certification by the committee to the secretary of state under section 4.1-20-11,
27	the district becomes a political subdivision of the state and a body corporate and politic. The
28	secretary of state shall issue to the committee a certificate of the due organization of the district
29	under the seal of the state and record the certificate with the application and statement. The
30	boundaries of the district include the area as determined by the committee, but may not include
31	any area included within the boundaries of another soil conservation district.

1	4.1-20-13. Petition to include additional area within existing district.
2	Petitions to include additional area within an existing district may be filed with the committee
3	at any time, and the proceedings provided in connection with a petition to organize a district
4	must be observed in the case of a petition for such inclusion. A portion of a district may upon
5	petition of a majority of the qualified electors in that portion, and without an election, be annexed
6	to an adjoining district, and become a part of that adjoining district upon filing the petition with
7	the state soil conservation committee.
8	4.1-20-14. Districts presumed to be organized legally - Copy of certificates as
9	evidence.
10	In any suit, action, or proceeding involving or relating to the validity or enforcement of any
11	contract, proceeding, or action of a district, the district is deemed to have been established in
12	accordance with the provisions of this chapter, upon proof of the issuance of the certificate of
13	organization by the secretary of state. A copy of the certificate, when duly certified by the
14	secretary of state, is admissible in evidence in any suit, action, or proceeding and is proof of the
15	filing and its contents.
16	4.1-20-15. Notice to file nominating petitions and of election of district supervisors.
16 17	4.1-20-15. Notice to file nominating petitions and of election of district supervisors. As soon as practicable after the issuance by the secretary of state of the certificate of
17	As soon as practicable after the issuance by the secretary of state of the certificate of
17 18	As soon as practicable after the issuance by the secretary of state of the certificate of organization of a soil conservation district, and before the next general election, the committee
17 18 19	As soon as practicable after the issuance by the secretary of state of the certificate of organization of a soil conservation district, and before the next general election, the committee shall give notice that nominating petitions may be filed with the county auditor, and that at the
17 18 19 20	As soon as practicable after the issuance by the secretary of state of the certificate of organization of a soil conservation district, and before the next general election, the committee shall give notice that nominating petitions may be filed with the county auditor, and that at the next general election held in the district three supervisors must be elected, who must be land
17 18 19 20 21	As soon as practicable after the issuance by the secretary of state of the certificate of organization of a soil conservation district, and before the next general election, the committee shall give notice that nominating petitions may be filed with the county auditor, and that at the next general election held in the district three supervisors must be elected, who must be land occupiers of the district and who constitute the governing body of the district.
17 18 19 20 21 22	As soon as practicable after the issuance by the secretary of state of the certificate of organization of a soil conservation district, and before the next general election, the committee shall give notice that nominating petitions may be filed with the county auditor, and that at the next general election held in the district three supervisors must be elected, who must be land occupiers of the district and who constitute the governing body of the district. 4.1-20-16. Nominating petitions - Petitions required - Final filing date.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	As soon as practicable after the issuance by the secretary of state of the certificate of organization of a soil conservation district, and before the next general election, the committee shall give notice that nominating petitions may be filed with the county auditor, and that at the next general election held in the district three supervisors must be elected, who must be land occupiers of the district and who constitute the governing body of the district. 4.1-20-16. Nominating petitions - Petitions required - Final filing date. Any individual running for the office of supervisor shall present to the county auditor of the
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 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	As soon as practicable after the issuance by the secretary of state of the certificate of organization of a soil conservation district, and before the next general election, the committee shall give notice that nominating petitions may be filed with the county auditor, and that at the next general election held in the district three supervisors must be elected, who must be land occupiers of the district and who constitute the governing body of the district. 4.1-20-16. Nominating petitions - Petitions required - Final filing date. Any individual running for the office of supervisor shall present to the county auditor of the county in which the district lies a petition giving that individual's name and mailing address and the title and term of the office, and containing the signatures of not less than twenty-five nor more than three hundred qualified electors of the district. When a district lies in more than one.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	As soon as practicable after the issuance by the secretary of state of the certificate of organization of a soil conservation district, and before the next general election, the committee shall give notice that nominating petitions may be filed with the county auditor, and that at the next general election held in the district three supervisors must be elected, who must be land occupiers of the district and who constitute the governing body of the district. 4.1-20-16. Nominating petitions - Petitions required - Final filing date. Any individual running for the office of supervisor shall present to the county auditor of the county in which the district lies a petition giving that individual's name and mailing address and the title and term of the office, and containing the signatures of not less than twenty-five nor more than three hundred qualified electors of the district. When a district lies in more than one county, the petition must be filed with the county auditor of the county where the candidate
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 	As soon as practicable after the issuance by the secretary of state of the certificate of organization of a soil conservation district, and before the next general election, the committee shall give notice that nominating petitions may be filed with the county auditor, and that at the next general election held in the district three supervisors must be elected, who must be land occupiers of the district and who constitute the governing body of the district. 4.1-20-16. Nominating petitions - Petitions required - Final filing date. Any individual running for the office of supervisor shall present to the county auditor of the county in which the district lies a petition giving that individual's name and mailing address and the title and term of the office, and containing the signatures of not less than twenty-five nor more than three hundred qualified electors of the district. When a district lies in more than one county, the petition must be filed with the county auditor of the county where the candidate resides, and that county auditor shall certify to the county auditors of the other counties in which

31 secretary of state the name and mailing address of each individual filing a nominating petition

1	accordii	ng to this section. An individual may not participate directly or indirectly in the nomination			
2	for more	for more than one individual for each office to be filled. The final filing date for nominating			
3	petitions is no later than four p.m. sixty-four days before the day of the election.				
4	<u>Upc</u>	Upon receipt of the petition or the certification as provided in this section, the county auditor			
5	<u>shall pla</u>	ace, without fee, the name of the candidate so nominated on the no-party ballot at the			
6	<u>ensuing</u>	general election.			
7	<u>4-1</u>	20-17. Regular election of district - When held - Regulations governing.			
8	<u>The</u>	regular election of soil conservation districts must be held at the same time, and at the			
9	<u>same p</u>	ace, as the general election is held. All qualified electors in the district may vote in any			
10	<u>regular</u>	election of the district. Any land occupier living in the district desiring to be a candidate			
11	for the c	office of supervisor at a district election and who has failed to file a nominating petition			
12	<u>may ca</u>	mpaign and be elected as a write-in candidate for the office.			
13	<u>4.1</u> ·	20-18. Supervisors - Terms of office - Vacancies - Removal - Compensation -			
14	<u>Expens</u>	es.			
15	<u>1.</u>	At each general election, one district supervisor must be elected for a term of six			
16		years, or until the successor is duly elected and qualified, to each expiring or vacant			
17		term. The county auditor of the county or counties in which the district lies shall return			
18		to the secretary of state before four p.m. on the tenth day following any general			
19		election a certified abstract of the votes cast in the county at the election for each			
20		candidate for district supervisor. The secretary of state shall canvass the returns and			
21		issue certificates of election under chapter 16.1-15.			
22	<u>2.</u>	To be eligible for election to the office of district supervisor, candidates must be land			
23		occupiers and physically living in the district. Candidates must be elected on a			
24		nonpartisan ballot. If the office of any supervisor becomes vacant, the remaining			
25		members of the board of supervisors, with the advice and consent of the committee,			
26		shall fill the vacancy by appointment. If vacancies occur in the office of two			
27		supervisors, the remaining supervisor and the committee shall fill the vacancy. If the			
28		offices of all supervisors of a district become vacant, the committee shall fill the			
29		vacancies by appointment. A supervisor appointed to fill a vacancy holds office until			
30		the next general election. A supervisor elected to fill a vacancy serves the balance of			
31		the unexpired term in which the vacancy occurred.			

1	<u>3.</u>	Upon resolution of the three elected supervisors, a soil conservation district, may
2		appoint two additional supervisors who shall serve for a term of one year from the date
3		of appointment. Those supervisors must be appointed by a majority of the three
4		elected supervisors and have all the powers, voting privileges, duties, and
5		responsibilities of elected supervisors, except that the expense allowances of the
6		appointed supervisors must be paid by the local soil conservation district concerned.
7		As far as possible, the appointed supervisors shall represent interests within the
8		district which are not represented by the elected supervisors.
9	<u>4.</u>	After notice given and hearing held in accordance with chapter 28-32, a supervisor of
10		a soil conservation district may be removed from office by the committee.
11	<u>5.</u>	Upon a majority vote of the supervisors, the supervisors of a soil conservation district
12		are entitled to receive compensation of up to sixty-two dollars and fifty cents for
13		attending each regular or special meeting or for attending other meetings or events in
14		the performance of their official duties. Supervisors of soil conservation districts are
15		entitled to receive travel and subsistence expenses necessarily incurred in attending
16		district, state, or other meetings. The compensation and all other expenses including
17		travel incurred by district supervisors while transacting district business must be paid
18		from district funds.
19	<u>4.1-</u>	20-19. Soil conservation district supervisors - Training.
20	<u>As s</u>	soon as practicable after an individual is elected or appointed to the position of a soil
21	<u>conserv</u>	ation district supervisor, the individual shall attend a training session delivered by the
22	<u>state so</u>	il conservation committee. An individual who has attended a training session as an
23	elected	or as an appointed soil conservation district supervisor may not be required to attend
24	any add	itional or subsequent session.
25	<u>4.1-</u>	20-20. Supervisors may employ assistants - Attorney general and state's
26	attorne	<u>ys to advise - Reports to committee.</u>
27	The	supervisors may employ necessary permanent and temporary officers, agents, or
28	employe	ees, and shall determine their qualifications, duties, and compensation. The supervisors
29	<u>may cal</u>	I upon the attorney general or the state's attorney of any county in which the district is
30	<u>situated</u>	for those legal services as the supervisors may require. The supervisors may delegate
31	to their of	chairman or to any of their number such duties as they may deem proper and shall

- 1 <u>furnish to the committee, upon request, copies of any ordinances, rules, regulations, orders,</u>
- 2 contracts, or other documents the supervisors adopt or employ, and any other information
- 3 <u>concerning their activities as the committee may require.</u>

4 <u>4.1-20-21. Assistance for district supervisors.</u>

5 Upon request of the supervisors of a soil conservation district, a board of county

6 commissioners may assign an employee or employees of the county to assist the supervisors in

- 7 the performance of the supervisors' duties authorized by this chapter. The board of county
- 8 <u>commissioners of each county within a soil conservation district may provide assistance for the</u>
- 9 supervisors. The duties of the employee or employees are under the direct supervision of the
- 10 supervisors of the soil conservation district.

11 <u>4.1-20-22. Supervisors to provide for surety bonds, keeping records, and annual</u>

- 12 <u>audit.</u>
- 13 The supervisors shall provide for the execution of surety bonds for all employees and

14 officers who are entrusted with funds or property of the district, for the keeping of a full and

15 accurate record of all the supervisors' proceedings and of all resolutions, regulations, and

16 orders issued or adopted by the supervisors, and for an annual audit of the accounts of receipts

17 and disbursements of the district. The surety bonds provided for in this section may be issued

18 by the state bonding fund.

19 <u>4.1-20-23. Supervisors may consult city or county representatives.</u>

20 The supervisors may invite the governing body of any city or county located within or near

21 the district to designate a representative to advise and consult with the supervisors on issues

22 that may affect the property, water supply, or other interests of the city or county.

23 <u>4.1-20-24. Powers and duties of districts and supervisors.</u>

- A soil conservation district may exercise the public powers ordinarily exercised by a
 political subdivision of the state, and the district and the supervisors of the district have
 the following powers in addition to those granted in other sections of this chapter:
- 27 a. <u>To conduct surveys, investigations, and research relating to the character of soil</u>
 28 erosion and the preventive and control measures needed; to publish the results
- 29 of those surveys, investigations, or research; and to disseminate information
- 30 <u>concerning the preventive and control measures. To avoid duplication of research</u>
- 31 <u>activities, a district may not initiate any research program except in cooperation</u>

1		with the government of this state or any of its agencies, or with the United States
2		or any of its agencies.
3	<u>b.</u>	To conduct demonstrational projects within the district on lands owned or
4		controlled by this state or any of its agencies, with the cooperation of the agency
5		administering and having jurisdiction of the land, and on any other lands within
6		the district after obtaining the consent of the occupier of those lands or the
7		necessary rights or interests in those lands, to demonstrate by example the
8		means, methods, and measures by which soil and soil resources may be
9		conserved and soil erosion in the form of soil blowing and soil washing may be
10		prevented and controlled.
11	<u>C.</u>	To carry out preventive and control measures within the district, including
12		engineering operations, methods of cultivation, the growing of vegetation, and
13		changes in use of land, on lands owned or controlled by this state or any of its
14		agencies, with the cooperation of the agency administering and having
15		jurisdiction of the land, and on any other lands within the district upon obtaining
16		the consent of the occupier of those lands or the necessary rights or interest in
17		those lands.
18	<u>d.</u>	To cooperate or enter agreements with, and, within the limits of appropriations
19		duly made available to it by law, to furnish financial or other aid to any agency,
20		governmental or otherwise, or any occupier of lands within the district in the
21		carrying on of erosion control and prevention operations within the district,
22		subject to the conditions as the supervisors may deem necessary to advance the
23		purposes of this chapter.
24	<u>e.</u>	To obtain options upon and to acquire by purchase, exchange, lease, gift, grant,
25		bequest, devise, or otherwise any property, real or personal, or any property
26		rights or interest; to maintain, administer, and improve any properties acquired; to
27		receive income from those properties and to expend that income in carrying out
28		the purposes and provisions of this chapter; and to sell, lease, or dispose of
29		otherwise any of its property or interest therein in furtherance of the purposes
30		and the provisions of this chapter.

1	<u>f.</u>	To make available, on terms the soil conservation district prescribes, to land
2		occupiers, government units or qualified electors within the district, agricultural
3		and engineering machinery and equipment, fertilizer, seeds and seedlings, and
4		any other material or equipment as will assist those land occupiers, government
5		units or qualified electors to carry on operations upon their lands for the
6		conservation of soil and water resources and for the prevention and control of soil
7		erosion.
8	<u>g.</u>	To construct, improve, and maintain structures as may be necessary or
9		convenient for the performance of any of the operations authorized in this
10		chapter.
11	<u>h.</u>	To develop comprehensive plans for the conservation of soil resources and for
12		the control and prevention of soil erosion within the district, which plans must
13		specify in such detail as may be possible the acts, procedures, performances,
14		and avoidances that are necessary or desirable for the effectuation of those
15		plans, including the specification of engineering operations, methods of
16		cultivation, the growing of vegetation, cropping programs, tillage practices, and
17		changes in use of land, and to publish such plans and information and bring them
18		to the attention of occupiers of lands within the district.
19	<u>i.</u>	To take over, by purchase, lease, or otherwise, and to administer any soil
20		conservation, erosion control, or erosion prevention project located within its
21		boundaries undertaken by the United States or any of its agencies, or by this
22		state or any of its agencies; to manage, as agent of the United States, or any of
23		its agencies or of this state or any of its agencies, any soil conservation, erosion
24		control, or erosion prevention project within its boundaries; to act as agent for the
25		United States or any of its agencies or for this state or any of its agencies in
26		connection with the acquisition, construction, operation, or administration of any
27		soil conservation, erosion control, or erosion prevention project within its
28		boundaries; to accept donations, gifts, and contributions in money, services,
29		materials, or otherwise from the United States or any of its agencies or from this
30		state or any of its agencies, and to use or expend those moneys, services,
31		materials, or other contributions in carrying on its operations.

1	<u>j.</u>	<u>To s</u>	sue and be sued in the name of the district.
2	<u>k.</u>	<u>To ł</u>	nave a seal, which seal must be noticed judicially.
3	<u>l.</u>	<u>To h</u>	nave perpetual succession unless terminated as provided in this chapter.
4	<u>m.</u>	<u>To r</u>	nake and execute contracts and other instruments necessary or convenient to
5		<u>the</u>	exercise of its powers; to borrow funds and pledge all or any part of any
6		inco	ome from the district's facilities, equipment, and operations for repayment.
7	<u>n.</u>	<u>To r</u>	make, amend, or repeal regulations consistent with this chapter.
8	<u>0.</u>	<u>To r</u>	equire contributions in money, services, materials, or otherwise to any
9		<u>ope</u>	rations conferring benefits under this chapter and to require land occupiers to
10		ente	er and perform agreements or covenants to use the lands in a manner that will
11		prev	vent or control erosion.
12	<u>p.</u>	<u>To e</u>	expend moneys for education, promotion, and recognition activities consistent
13		<u>with</u>	the purposes of this chapter.
14	<u>q.</u>	<u>To l</u>	evy taxes as follows:
15		<u>(1)</u>	The supervisors may make a general fund tax levy, not exceeding two and
16			one-half mills, for the payment of the expenses of the district, including
17			mileage and other expenses of the supervisors, and technical,
18			administrative, clerical, and other operating expenses.
19		<u>(2)</u>	Immediately after the completion of the district budget and the adoption of
20			the annual tax levy by the district supervisors, but not later than July first,
21			the supervisors shall send one certified copy of the levy as adopted to the
22			county auditor of each county in the district.
23		<u>(3)</u>	The county auditor of each county in the district shall extend the levy upon
24			the tax list of the county for the current year against each description of real
25			property lying both within the county and the district in the same manner
26			and with the same effect as other taxes are extended.
27		<u>(4)</u>	The treasurer of each county in the district shall collect all district taxes
28			together with interest and penalty thereon in the same manner as the
29			general taxes are collected, and shall pay over to the soil conservation
30			district by the tenth working day of each month, all taxes so collected during
31			the preceding month, with interest and penalties collected thereon and shall

1			immediately send notification of such payment to the treasurer of the soil
2			conservation district.
3		<u>(5)</u>	Voter-approved levy authority authorized by electors of a district under the
4			provisions of this section before January 1, 2015, remains in effect through
5			taxable year 2024 or for the time period authorized by the electors,
6			whichever expires first.
7	<u>2.</u>	Any prov	isions with respect to the acquisition, operation, or disposition of property by
8		other put	blic bodies are not applicable to a district unless the same specifically are
9		made ap	plicable by law.
10	<u>4.1-</u>	20-25. Su	pervisors may formulate land use regulations for submission to
11	qualifie	d electors	<u>.</u>
12	The	superviso	rs of any district may formulate regulations governing the use of lands within
13	the distr	ict in the ir	nterest of conserving soil and soil resources and preventing and controlling
14	soil eros	<u>sion, and n</u>	nay conduct public meetings and hearings upon tentative regulations as may
15	<u>be nece</u>	<u>ssary to a</u>	ssist the supervisors in this work. The proposed regulations must be
16	embodie	<u>ed in a pro</u>	posed ordinance for submission to the qualified electors in the district, and
17	<u>copies c</u>	of the prop	osed ordinance must be available for inspection by the qualified electors in
18	the distr	ict during t	the period of time between the publication of the notice of election upon the
19	ordinand	ce and the	date of the election.
20	<u>4.1-</u>	20-26. No	tice of election - Form of ballot - Conduct of election - Who may vote.
21	The	notice of e	election on a proposed ordinance submitted to the qualified electors in the
22	<u>district u</u>	inder secti	on 4.1-20-24 must be provided in the manner required by section 4.1-20-14
23	<u>relating</u>	<u>to notice c</u>	f election of supervisors, and must recite the contents of the proposed
24	ordinand	<u>ce or must</u>	state where copies of the proposed ordinance may be examined. The
25	questior	n of adoptic	on or rejection of the proposed ordinance must be submitted by ballot at an
26	election	to be held	in the district. The ballot must be in substantially the following form:
27	<u>Sha</u>	II propose	d ordinance number, prescribing land use regulations for
28	<u>con</u> :	servation o	of soil and prevention of erosion be adopted?
29			<u>Yes</u> □
30			No 🗆

1	The sup	ervisors shall supervise the election, prepare appropriate regulations governing the
2	<u>conduct</u>	of the election, and publish the result of the election. The right to vote in the election is
3	limited to	o qualified electors residing within the district. No informalities in the conduct of the
4	election	or in any matters relating to the election may invalidate the election or its result if the
5	notice of	election has been given substantially as required by this section and the election has
6	<u>been fai</u>	rly conducted.
7	<u>4.1-</u>	20-27. Two-thirds voter approval required to adopt ordinance - Effect of ordinance
8	after ad	option.
9	<u>An c</u>	ordinance under this chapter does not become effective unless it is approved by at least
10	two-third	Is of the qualified electors voting on the question. If a proposed ordinance is approved,
11	the supe	ervisors shall enact it into law. Land use regulations prescribed in any ordinance
12	adopted	by the supervisors pursuant to this section have the force and effect of law in the
13	district a	nd are binding and obligatory upon all qualified electors living within the district.
14	<u>4.1-</u>	20-28. What may be contained in land use regulations.
15	The	land use regulations that may be adopted by the supervisors under this chapter may
16	include:	
17	<u>1.</u>	Provisions requiring the carrying out of necessary engineering operations, including
18		the construction of terraces, terrace outlets, check dams, dikes, ponds, ditches, and
19		other necessary structures.
20	<u>2.</u>	Provisions requiring observance of particular methods of cultivation, including contour
21		cultivating, contour furrowing, lister furrowing, sowing, planting, stripcropping, and
22		seeding and planting of lands to water conserving and erosion-preventing plants,
23		trees, and grasses, forestation, and reforestation.
24	<u>3.</u>	Specifications of cropping programs and tillage practices to be observed.
25	<u>4.</u>	Provisions requiring the retirement from cultivation of highly erosive areas or of areas
26		on which erosion may not be controlled adequately if cultivation is carried on.
27	<u>5.</u>	Provisions for any other means, measures, operations, and programs as may assist
28		conservation of soil and water resources and prevent or control soil erosion in the
29		district, having due regard to the declaration of policy set forth in this chapter.

1	4.1-20-29. Regulations to be uniform - Copies furnished in district.
2	Land use regulations must be uniform throughout the district except that the supervisors
3	may classify the lands within the district with reference to such factors as soil type, degree of
4	slope, degree of erosion threatened or existing, cropping and tillage practices in use, and other
5	relevant factors, and may provide regulations varying with the type or class of land affected but
6	uniform as to all lands within each class or type. Copies of land use regulations adopted under
7	this chapter must be printed and made available to all qualified electors living within the district.
8	4.1-20-30. Amending, supplementing, or repealing land use regulations.
9	Any qualified elector living within a district at any time may file a petition with the
10	supervisors asking that any or all of the land use regulations in any ordinance adopted by the
11	supervisors under this chapter be amended, supplemented, or repealed. Land use regulations
12	in that ordinance may not be amended, supplemented, or repealed except in accordance with
13	the procedure prescribed in this chapter for the adoption of land use regulations. Elections on
14	adoption, amendment, supplementation, or repeal of land use regulations may not be held more
15	than once in any six-month period.
16	4.1-20-31. Supervisors to enforce land use regulations.
16 17	4.1-20-31. Supervisors to enforce land use regulations. The supervisors may enter upon any land within the district to determine whether land use
17	The supervisors may enter upon any land within the district to determine whether land use
17 18	The supervisors may enter upon any land within the district to determine whether land use regulations adopted under this chapter are being observed.
17 18 19	The supervisors may enter upon any land within the district to determine whether land use regulations adopted under this chapter are being observed. 4.1-20-32. Failure to perform land use regulations - Hearing on - Supervisors to
17 18 19 20	The supervisors may enter upon any land within the district to determine whether land use regulations adopted under this chapter are being observed. 4.1-20-32. Failure to perform land use regulations - Hearing on - Supervisors to perform - Costs and expenses.
17 18 19 20 21	The supervisors may enter upon any land within the district to determine whether land use regulations adopted under this chapter are being observed. 4.1-20-32. Failure to perform land use regulations - Hearing on - Supervisors to perform - Costs and expenses. 1. If the supervisors of any district find any land use regulations prescribed in any.
17 18 19 20 21 22	The supervisors may enter upon any land within the district to determine whether land use regulations adopted under this chapter are being observed. 4.1-20-32. Failure to perform land use regulations - Hearing on - Supervisors to perform - Costs and expenses. 1. If the supervisors of any district find any land use regulations prescribed in any ordinance are not being observed on particular lands, tending to increase erosion on
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	The supervisors may enter upon any land within the district to determine whether land use regulations adopted under this chapter are being observed. 4.1-20-32. Failure to perform land use regulations - Hearing on - Supervisors to perform - Costs and expenses. 1. If the supervisors of any district find any land use regulations prescribed in any ordinance are not being observed on particular lands, tending to increase erosion on those lands and interfering with the prevention or control of erosion on other lands.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	The supervisors may enter upon any land within the district to determine whether land use regulations adopted under this chapter are being observed. 4.1-20-32. Failure to perform land use regulations - Hearing on - Supervisors to perform - Costs and expenses. 1. If the supervisors of any district find any land use regulations prescribed in any ordinance are not being observed on particular lands, tending to increase erosion on those lands and interfering with the prevention or control of erosion on other lands within the district, the supervisors may present to the district court a duly verified
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	The supervisors may enter upon any land within the district to determine whether land use regulations adopted under this chapter are being observed. 4.1-20-32. Failure to perform land use regulations - Hearing on - Supervisors to perform - Costs and expenses. 1. If the supervisors of any district find any land use regulations prescribed in any ordinance are not being observed on particular lands, tending to increase erosion on those lands and interfering with the prevention or control of erosion on other lands within the district, the supervisors may present to the district court a duly verified petition setting forth:
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	The supervisors may enter upon any land within the district to determine whether land use regulations adopted under this chapter are being observed. 4.1-20-32. Failure to perform land use regulations - Hearing on - Supervisors to perform - Costs and expenses. 1. If the supervisors of any district find any land use regulations prescribed in any ordinance are not being observed on particular lands, tending to increase erosion on those lands and interfering with the prevention or control of erosion on other lands within the district, the supervisors may present to the district court a duly verified petition setting forth: a. The adoption of the ordinance prescribing land use regulations;
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	 The supervisors may enter upon any land within the district to determine whether land use. regulations adopted under this chapter are being observed. 4.1-20-32. Failure to perform land use regulations - Hearing on - Supervisors to. perform - Costs and expenses. 1. If the supervisors of any district find any land use regulations prescribed in any ordinance are not being observed on particular lands, tending to increase erosion on those lands and interfering with the prevention or control of erosion on other lands. within the district, the supervisors may present to the district court a duly verified petition setting forth: a. The adoption of the ordinance prescribing land use regulations; b. The alleged failure of the defendant land occupier to observe the regulations and

1		<u>C.</u>	Requesting that the court order the defendant to perform the work, operations, or
2			avoidances within a reasonable time and that if the defendant fails to do so, the
3			supervisors may:
4			(1) Enter upon the land;
5			(2) Perform the necessary work to bring the condition of the land into conformity
6			with the regulations; and
7			(3) Assess the costs and expenses of the work, with interest, to the defendant.
8	<u>2.</u>	<u>Upc</u>	n presentation of a petition under subsection 1, the court shall cause process to
9		<u>be i</u>	ssued against the defendant, and shall hear the case.
10		<u>a.</u>	If it appears to the court testimony is necessary for the proper disposition of the
11			matter, the court may take evidence or appoint a referee to take evidence as it
12			may direct and report the evidence to the court with the referee's findings of fact
13			and conclusions of law.
14		<u>b.</u>	If a referee is appointed, the report of the referee constitutes a part of the
15			proceedings upon which the determination of the court must be made.
16		<u>C.</u>	The court may dismiss the petition or it may order the defendant to perform the
17			work, operations, or avoidances. The court may provide upon the failure of the
18			defendant to initiate performance as ordered by the court within the time
19			specified in the order of the court and to prosecute the same to completion with
20			reasonable diligence, the supervisors may enter upon the lands involved and
21			perform the necessary work to bring the condition of the land into conformity with
22			the regulations and assess the costs and expenses of the work, with interest at
23			the rate of five percent per annum, to the defendant.
24		<u>d.</u>	If the person in possession of lands subject to a petition under subsection 1 is
25			other than the owner, the owner of those lands must be joined as a party
26			defendant. In all cases, notice must be given to all other interested parties in
27			person, or by publication in the manner provided in this chapter for publication of
28			due notice.
29		<u>e.</u>	In any case under this section, the court shall retain jurisdiction until any work
30			ordered by the court has been completed.

1	<u>3.</u> U	Ipon completion of any work ordered by the court under subsection 2, the supervisors
2	m	nay file a petition with the court and serve a copy upon the defendants, stating the
3	<u>C(</u>	osts and expenses sustained by the supervisors in the performance of the work and
4	<u>a</u> :	sking for judgment in that amount, with interest. The court may enter judgment for the
5	<u>a</u>	mount of costs and expenses approved by the court plus interest at the rate of five
6	p	ercent per annum until paid. The supervisors may certify to the county auditor of the
7	<u>C(</u>	ounty in which the district is located the amount of the judgment, which is a lien upon
8	<u>th</u>	ne lands and must be collected as taxes or assessments are collected. As the
9	ju	udgment is paid or collected, the proceeds must be paid over to the district that
10	<u>C</u> (ertified the judgment to the auditor.
11	<u>4.1-20</u>	-33. Board of adjustment - Members - Appointment - Vacancies -
12	<u>Compensa</u>	ation.
13	When	the supervisors of any district adopt an ordinance prescribing land use regulations,
14	the supervi	isors shall provide by ordinance for the establishment of a board of adjustment to
15	<u>consist of t</u>	three members, each to be appointed for a term of three years, except the members
16	first appoin	ted who are appointed for terms of one, two, and three years respectively. The
17	members of	of each board of adjustment must be appointed by the committee with the advice and
18	approval of	f the supervisors of the district for which the board has been established, and are
19	removable.	, upon notice and hearing, for neglect of duty or malfeasance in office, but for no
20	other reaso	on. A hearing on the removal of a member of a board of adjustment must be
21	conducted	jointly by the committee and the supervisors. A vacancy on a board of adjustment
22	<u>must be fill</u>	led in the same manner as the original appointment except the appointment is for the
23	unexpired	vacant term. Members of the committee and the supervisors of the district may not
24	<u>serve as m</u>	nembers of the board of adjustment. The members of the board shall receive five
25	dollars a da	ay for the time spent on the work of the board in addition to their expenses, including
26	traveling ex	xpenses necessarily incurred in the discharge of their duties. The supervisors shall
27	pay the ne	cessary administrative and other expenses of operation incurred by the board upon
28	the certification	ate of the chairman of the board.
29	<u>4.1-20</u>	-34. Board of adjustment - Rules - Chairman - Meetings - Quorum - Records.
30	The bo	pard of adjustment shall adopt rules to govern its procedure, in accordance with this
31	chapter and	d any ordinance adopted under this chapter. The board shall designate, and may

1	replace at any time, a chairman from among its members. Meetings of the board must be held
2	at the call of the chairman and at any other time as the board may determine. Any two members
3	of the board constitute a quorum. The chairman, or another member of the board designated by
4	the chairman to serve as acting chairman, may administer oaths and compel the attendance of
5	witnesses. All meetings of the board are open to the public. The board shall keep a full and
6	accurate record of its proceedings, all documents filed with it, and all orders entered by the
7	board. The record must be filed in the office of the board and is a public record.
8	4.1-20-35. Petition to board of adjustment to vary land use regulations - Service -
9	<u>Hearing - Board's powers.</u>
10	Any qualified elector residing in the district may file a petition with the board of adjustment
11	seeking a variance from strictly complying with the land use regulations. Copies of a petition
12	must be served upon the chairman of the supervisors of the district where the lands are located
13	and upon the chairman of the committee. The board shall fix a time for the hearing of the
14	petition and cause due notice of the hearing to be given. The petitioner may appear in person,
15	by agent, or by attorney at the hearing and the supervisors and the committee may appear and
16	be heard. If the board determines on the facts presented at the hearing that there are great
17	practical difficulties or unnecessary hardships in the way of applying the strict letter of any of the
18	land use regulations upon the lands of the petitioner, the board shall make and record the
19	determination and findings of fact as to the specific conditions that establish the great practical
20	difficulties or unnecessary hardships. Upon the findings and determination, the board may enter
21	an order authorizing a variance from the terms of the land use regulations in its application to
22	the lands of the petitioner consistent with the spirit of the land use regulations, and with
23	substantial justice and the public health, safety, and welfare.
24	4.1-20-36. Taking of testimony at hearing.
25	At the request of the board of supervisors, the testimony at a hearing conducted under
26	section 4.1-20-35 must be taken by a court reporter, by a stenographer, or by use of an
27	electronic recording device. The board of supervisors is responsible for the cost of taking
28	testimony.

1	4.1-20-37. Aggrieved petitioner and supervisors may appeal to district court from
2	order of board - Procedure.
3	Any petitioner or the supervisors of any district may appeal an order of a board of
4	adjustment to the district court as provided in section 28-34-01.
5	4.1-20-38. Cooperation among district supervisors.
6	The supervisors of any two or more districts organized under this chapter may cooperate
7	with one another in the exercise of any or all powers conferred in this chapter.
8	4.1-20-39. State agencies to cooperate with district supervisors.
9	Agencies of this state having jurisdiction over any state-owned lands, and agencies of any
10	county or other political subdivision of this state having jurisdiction over any county-owned or
11	other publicly owned lands lying within the boundaries of any district shall cooperate to the
12	fullest extent with the supervisors of the district in the effectuation of programs and operations
13	undertaken by the supervisors under this chapter. The supervisors have free access to enter
14	and perform work upon such publicly owned lands. The provisions of land use regulations
15	adopted under this chapter have the force and effect of law over all such publicly owned lands
16	and must be in all respects observed by the agencies administering such lands.
17	4.1-20-40. Discontinuance of districts - Petition - Referendum - Eligible qualified
18	electors.
19	Five years after the date a district was organized, twenty-five percent of the qualified
20	electors living within the boundaries of the district may file a petition with the state soil
21	conservation committee to terminate the operations of the district. The committee then shall
22	conduct public hearings upon the petition to determine whether there is sufficient basis for an
23	election to be held. If the committee determines there is sufficient basis for an election, the
24	committee shall give due notice of the holding of an election and shall issue appropriate
25	regulations governing the conduct of the election within sixty days after the committee has
26	made its determination. The question to be voted on at the election must be submitted by ballot
27	in substantially the following form:
28	Should the (insert name of district) be terminated? Yes
29	No 🗆
30	All qualified electors residing within the boundaries of the district are eligible to vote in the
31	election. The committee shall supervise the election. Informalities in the conduct of the election

1	or in any matters relating to the election do not invalidate the election or its result if notice of the
2	election has been given substantially as required by this chapter and the election has been
3	fairly conducted.
4	4.1-20-41. Duties of committee after election on discontinuance of the district has
5	been held.
6	The committee shall publish the result of any election on the question of discontinuance of a
7	district immediately after the vote has been had. If a majority of the votes cast in the election
8	favored the discontinuance of the district, the committee shall make its certificate that it has
9	determined that the continued operation of the district is not administratively feasible. If a
10	majority of the votes cast in the referendum favored the continuance of the district, the
11	committee shall consider and determine whether the continued operation of the district within
12	the defined boundaries is administratively feasible. If the committee determines the continued
13	operation of the district is administratively feasible, the committee shall record that
14	determination and deny the petition for discontinuance, and if the committee determines the
15	continued operation thereof is not administratively feasible, the committee shall record the
16	determination and certify its determination to the supervisors of the district. In making its
17	determination, the committee shall give due weight and regard to the number and attitudes of
18	the qualified electors residing within the district, the number voting in the referendum, the
19	proportion that the votes cast in favor of the discontinuance of the district are of the total
20	number of votes cast, the probable expense of carrying on erosion control operations within the
21	district, and any other economic and social factors as may be relevant to the determination
22	having regard to the legislative policy as set forth in this chapter.
23	4.1-20-42. Termination of affairs of district - Disposal of property - Certificate of
24	dissolution.
25	Upon receipt from the committee of its certification that the committee has determined the
26	continued operation of the district is not administratively feasible, the supervisors shall proceed
27	to terminate the affairs of the district. The supervisors of the district may dispose of all or part of
28	any property belonging to the district at public auction and shall use the proceeds of the sale to
29	pay any liabilities. The balance of any funds and undisposed property becomes the property of
30	the county or counties the district is a part of as directed by the supervisors. The supervisors
31	thereupon shall file an application, duly verified, with the secretary of state for the

1	discontinuance of the district, and shall transmit with such application the certificate of the
2	committee setting forth its determination that the continued operation of the district is not
3	administratively feasible. The application must recite what property, if any, of the district has
4	been disposed of, the liabilities paid, and the property or proceeds paid over as provided herein
5	and must set forth a full accounting of such properties and their sale proceeds. The secretary of
6	state shall issue to the supervisors a certificate of dissolution and record the certificate in an
7	appropriate record in the secretary of state's office.
8	4.1-20-43. Ordinances, regulations, and contracts of districts after dissolution.
9	After a certificate of dissolution has been issued as provided in section 4.1-20-42, all
10	ordinances and regulations that have been adopted and in force within the dissolved district are
11	of no further force and effect. All contracts that have been made, to which the district
12	supervisors are parties, remain in force and effect for the period provided in the contracts, and
13	the committee is substituted for the district or supervisors as party to the contracts. The
14	committee is entitled to all the benefits and subject to all the liabilities under the contracts and
15	has the same right as the supervisors of the district would have had.
16	4.1-20-44. Petitions for discontinuance of district - Limitation on filing.
16 17	4.1-20-44. Petitions for discontinuance of district - Limitation on filing. The state soil conservation committee may not entertain petitions for the discontinuance of
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17	The state soil conservation committee may not entertain petitions for the discontinuance of
17 18	The state soil conservation committee may not entertain petitions for the discontinuance of any district, conduct elections upon those petitions, or make determinations pursuant to the
17 18 19	The state soil conservation committee may not entertain petitions for the discontinuance of any district, conduct elections upon those petitions, or make determinations pursuant to the petitions in accordance with the provisions of this chapter more than once in any five-year
17 18 19 20	The state soil conservation committee may not entertain petitions for the discontinuance of any district, conduct elections upon those petitions, or make determinations pursuant to the petitions in accordance with the provisions of this chapter more than once in any five-year period.
17 18 19 20 21	The state soil conservation committee may not entertain petitions for the discontinuance of any district, conduct elections upon those petitions, or make determinations pursuant to the petitions in accordance with the provisions of this chapter more than once in any five-year period. <u>4.1-20-45. Consolidation of districts - Petition - Election - Conduct of election.</u>
17 18 19 20 21 22	The state soil conservation committee may not entertain petitions for the discontinuance of any district, conduct elections upon those petitions, or make determinations pursuant to the petitions in accordance with the provisions of this chapter more than once in any five-year period. 4.1-20-45. Consolidation of districts - Petition - Election - Conduct of election. Two or more districts may be consolidated into one district by compliance with this chapter.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	The state soil conservation committee may not entertain petitions for the discontinuance of any district, conduct elections upon those petitions, or make determinations pursuant to the petitions in accordance with the provisions of this chapter more than once in any five-year period. A1-20-45. Consolidation of districts - Petition - Election - Conduct of election. Two or more districts may be consolidated into one district by compliance with this chapter. A petition for consolidation of soil conservation districts must be filed with the state soil
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	The state soil conservation committee may not entertain petitions for the discontinuance of any district, conduct elections upon those petitions, or make determinations pursuant to the petitions in accordance with the provisions of this chapter more than once in any five-year. period. 4.1-20-45. Consolidation of districts - Petition - Election - Conduct of election. Two or more districts may be consolidated into one district by compliance with this chapter. A petition for consolidation of soil conservation districts must be filed with the state soil conservation committee and must be signed by at least twenty-five qualified electors living in
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	The state soil conservation committee may not entertain petitions for the discontinuance of any district, conduct elections upon those petitions, or make determinations pursuant to the petitions in accordance with the provisions of this chapter more than once in any five-year period. 1.1.20-45. Consolidation of districts - Petition - Election - Conduct of election. Two or more districts may be consolidated into one district by compliance with this chapter. A petition for consolidation of soil conservation districts must be filed with the state soil conservation committee and must be signed by at least twenty-five qualified electors living in each district. Upon the filing of a petition, the committee by resolution shall fix a date for an
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	The state soil conservation committee may not entertain petitions for the discontinuance of any district, conduct elections upon those petitions, or make determinations pursuant to the petitions in accordance with the provisions of this chapter more than once in any five-year. period. 1.1-20-45. Consolidation of districts - Petition - Election - Conduct of election. Two or more districts may be consolidated into one district by compliance with this chapter. A petition for consolidation of soil conservation districts must be filed with the state soil conservation committee and must be signed by at least twenty-five qualified electors living in each district. Upon the filing of a petition, the committee by resolution shall fix a date for an election to be held in each district and shall direct the supervisors to cause notice of the election.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	The state soil conservation committee may not entertain petitions for the discontinuance of any district, conduct elections upon those petitions, or make determinations pursuant to the petitions in accordance with the provisions of this chapter more than once in any five-year. period. A1-20-45. Consolidation of districts - Petition - Election - Conduct of election. Two or more districts may be consolidated into one district by compliance with this chapter. A petition for consolidation of soil conservation districts must be filed with the state soil conservation committee and must be signed by at least twenty-five qualified electors living in each district. Upon the filing of a petition, the committee by resolution shall fix a date for an election to be held in each district and shall direct the supervisors to cause notice of the election to be posted in at least five conspicuous places within the district and to be published once

1	the election, the time when the polls will open and close, and the question to be submitted to
2	the qualified electors. The notice must be substantially in the following form:
3	On,, an election will be held at
4	for the purpose of submitting
5	(Designate polling place or places)
6	to the qualified electors withinsoil conservation
7	(Name of district)
8	district the question as to whethersoil conservation
9	(Names of districts)
10	districts embracing the following townships
11	(Designate townships, by number and range)
12	shall be consolidated into one soil conservation district.
13	The ballot must be in the following form:
14	Shall soil conservation districts embracing the
15	(Names of districts)
15	
16	following townshipsbe
16	following townshipsbe
16 17	following townshipsbe (Designate townships, by number and range)
16 17 18	following townshipsbe (Designate townships, by number and range) consolidated into one soil conservation district?
16 17 18 19	following townships be (Designate townships, by number and range) consolidated into one soil conservation district? Yes
16 17 18 19 20	following townships be (Designate townships, by number and range) consolidated into one soil conservation district? Yes No
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	following townships
16 17 18 19 20 21	following townships
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	following townships
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	following townships be (Designate townships, by number and range) consolidated into one soil conservation district? Yes No The board of supervisors of the district shall appoint the board of election for each polling place. The board of election must consist of one inspector, one judge, and one clerk. Members of the election board are entitled to receive five dollars for their services. 4.1-20-46. Conduct of election - Canvass of votes.
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	following townships be (Designate townships, by number and range) consolidated into one soil conservation district? Yes No The board of supervisors of the district shall appoint the board of election for each polling place. The board of election must consist of one inspector, one judge, and one clerk. Members of the election board are entitled to receive five dollars for their services. 4.1-20-46. Conduct of election - Canvass of votes. An election upon the question of consolidating two or more soil conservation districts must
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	following townships

1	The committee shall publish the result of the election. If a majority of the ballots cast on the
2	question in each district are for consolidation, the committee shall file with the secretary of state
3	a statement certifying that the consolidated district has been duly and regularly established.
4	4.1-20-47. Supervisors of consolidated district - Terms of office - Powers and duties.
5	The members of the board of supervisors of a newly consolidated district are the
6	supervisors from each of the districts that have been consolidated whose existing terms of office
7	would last expire if the new consolidated district were not established. Those members shall
8	determine by lot the order in which their terms of office in the consolidated district will expire. If
9	more than three districts are consolidated, the members of the board of supervisors of the
10	consolidated district must be determined by lot among the supervisors from the districts whose
11	existing terms would expire last. If only two districts are consolidated, the third member of the
12	board of supervisors of the consolidated district must be determined by lot among the remaining
13	supervisors from both such districts. The supervisors thus selected shall hold office until the
14	next general election of the district and until their successors are elected and qualified.
15	Supervisors of a consolidated district have all the powers and duties of supervisors of a soil
16	conservation district as enumerated in this chapter. The name of a consolidated district must be
17	determined by the new supervisors of the consolidated district.
18	4.1-20-48. Costs and expenses of consolidation - Disposition of property - Contracts
19	of districts after consolidation.
20	All costs and expenses incidental to the consolidation of two or more districts must be borne
21	equally by each of the consolidated districts. All property and money of the districts that have
22	been consolidated become the property of the newly established district. All contracts to which
23	the supervisors of each of the districts consolidated are parties remain in force and effect for the
24	period provided in the contracts and the supervisors of the consolidated district are substituted
25	as parties in the contracts. Supervisors of a consolidated district are entitled to all the benefits
26	and subject to all the liabilities under the contracts and have the same rights as the supervisors
27	of the district that entered the contract would have had if a consolidated district had not been
28	established.
29	4.1-20-49. Soil conservation trust lands.
30	The state of North Dakota holds in trust for use by the soil conservation districts of the state
31	for the soil conservation program the property in Burleigh County described as follows:

1		Township one hundred thirty-eight north, range eighty west, fifth principal meridian:	
2	west one-half of section fifteen and that portion of the southeast quarter of section sixteen		
3	described as follows: beginning at the southeast corner of said section sixteen, thence		
4	<u>run</u>	ning north on the east line of said section six hundred sixty feet [201.17 meters]; thence	
5	wes	st parallel with the south line of said section two thousand three hundred ten feet [704.09	
6	met	ters]; thence south six hundred sixty feet [201.17 meters] to a point on the south line of	
7	said	d section two thousand three hundred ten feet [704.09 meters] west of the southeast	
8	cor	ner of said section; thence east along the south line of said section two thousand three	
9	hur	dred ten feet [704.09 meters] to the place of beginning; containing thirty-five acres	
10	<u>[14</u>	<u>16 hectares], more or less.</u>	
11		Subject, however, to the following rights, easements, exceptions, and reservations:	
12	<u>1.</u>	Easements for existing or established roads, highways and public utilities, if any.	
13	<u>2.</u>	Right reserved by the Department of the Army "to enter thereon and remove gravel	
14		and use the established rubbish disposal area as long as any part of Fort Lincoln	
15		Military Reservation is used by the Department of the Army".	
16	<u>3.</u>	Reservation to the United States of America and its assigns of an undivided	
17		three-fourths interest in all coal, oil, gas, and other minerals, including three-fourths of	
18		all sand, gravel, stone, clay and similar materials, in or under the property, together	
19		with the usual mining rights, powers, and privileges, including the right at any and all	
20		times, to enter upon the land and use those parts of the surface as may be necessary	
21		in prospecting for, mining, saving and removing the minerals or materials, provided the	
22		quantities of sand, gravel, stone, clay and similar materials, as may be required, may	
23		be utilized in the operation or improvement of the lands.	
24	The	lands, having been conveyed to the state of North Dakota by the United States of	
25	<u>America</u>	a for use in carrying out the soil conservation program of the soil conservation districts of	
26	the state	e, are further subject to the condition the land must be used for public purposes and if at	
27	any time	e cease to be so used must revert to and become revested in the United States. Upon	
28	<u>approva</u>	I by the United States of America in accordance with the original grant of the trust lands,	
29	the trust lands may be leased, sold, conveyed, traded for, or replaced by other land suitable for		
30	the ben	efit of the soil conservation program in this state. No lease, sale, conveyance, trade, or	

1	replacement of the trust lands may be made under conditions that will cause or may cause the		
2	reversion of the lands back to the United States of America.		
3	The control, custody, possession, supervision, management, operation, and transfer of the		
4	<u>trust lan</u>	ds ar	nd any replacement lands is hereby vested in the North Dakota association of soil
5	conservation	ation	districts for use in carrying out the soil conservation program of the soil
6	conservation	ation	districts of the state and the association in such control, custody, possession,
7	supervis	ion, i	management, operation, and transfer shall hold all accumulations of personal
8	property	or su	urplus funds derived from said lands in trust for the soil conservation districts of the
9	state for	use	in carrying out the soil conservation program. Any transfer, sale, trade, or
10	replacer	nent	of trust lands is excepted from section 38-09-01, and the North Dakota association
11	<u>of soil co</u>	onser	vation districts may transfer all or a portion of the minerals held by the state or the
12	associat	ion w	which are located under the trust lands. Any funds generated through bonuses,
13	leases, I	royalt	ies, or otherwise generated by minerals reserved by the association or funds
14	generated from the sale of minerals must be held in trust as provided in this section.		
15	SECTION 3. Chapter 4.1-21 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as		
16	follows:		
17	<u>4.1-</u>	21-0 1	I. State forester - Appointment - Qualifications - Duties.
18	The	boar	d of higher education shall appoint the state forester.
19	<u>1.</u>	<u>The</u>	state forester must be a graduate of an accredited school of forestry with a
20		<u>min</u>	imum education of a bachelor of science degree in forestry. The office of the state
21		<u>fore</u>	ster must be located in Bottineau. The state forester shall serve as the director of
22		<u>the</u>	state forest service and, subject to the approval of the board of higher education
23		and	the president of North Dakota state university, may employ assistants and secure
24		offic	e facilities and equipment necessary for the administration of this chapter and the
25		perf	ormance of the powers and duties of the office.
26	<u>2.</u>	<u>The</u>	state forester shall:
27		<u>a.</u>	Supervise the raising and distribution of seeds and forest tree planting stock as
28			provided in this chapter.
29		<u>b.</u>	Promote practical forestry and compile and disseminate information relative to
30			practical forestry to landowners, community groups, schools, and other
31			organizations interested in forestry.

1	<u>C.</u>	Encourage the development, use, and wise stewardship of forest resources.	
2	<u>d.</u>	Provide assistance to landowners, producers, and public bodies relating to	
3		forestry, reforestation, protection of forest resources, prevention and suppression	
4		of fires, planting of trees and shrubs, and the growing, harvesting, marketing, and	
5		management of forest resources.	
6	<u>4.1-21-02</u>	<u> 2. State nursery - Maintenance - Purpose.</u>	
7	A state nursery, under the direction of the state forester, must be maintained at Towner. The		
8	nursery shall	propagate seeds and forest tree planting stock adapted to the climatic conditions	
9	of this state.		
10	<u>4.1-21-0</u> ;	3. Powers - Cooperative state agreements.	
11	Under th	e general supervision of the board of higher education, the state forester may:	
12	<u>1. Est</u>	ablish procedures for the administration of this chapter.	
13	<u>2. Pro</u>	vide grants to, and enter cooperative agreements with, public and private entities	
14	for	purposes consistent with this chapter.	
15	<u>3.</u> <u>Est</u>	ablish councils to advise the state forester on the administration of this chapter.	
16	<u>4.1-21-0</u> 4	4. State forester reserve account.	
17	The state forester reserve account is established as a special account in the state treasury.		
18	All moneys received for charges in excess of the cost of production of seedlings from the state		
19	nursery must be deposited in the reserve account. The state forester may use the reserve		
20	account within limits of legislative appropriations for expenses relating to nursery seedling		
21	losses or other unanticipated events requiring additional funding as determined necessary by		
22	the state fore	ster. If the balance of the state forester reserve account exceeds one million	
23	dollars, charges for state nursery seedlings must not exceed estimated production costs until		
24	the account balance is less than seven hundred thousand dollars, at which time the state		
25	forester may charge one hundred ten percent of production costs.		
26	4.1-21-05. Distribution of seeds and planting stock.		
27	Seeds ar	nd planting stock from the state nursery may be distributed by the state forester to	
28	citizens and landowners of this state upon payment by them of a price not greater than one		
29	hundred ten percent of the cost to the state of production in the case of planting stock or		
30	collection in the case of seeds, and the cost of transportation from the nursery. The seeds and		
31	planting stoc	k may be used to establish or reestablish forests, windbreaks, shelterbelts, living	

- 1 snow fences, farm woodlots, Christmas tree plantings, wildlife habitats, and other conservation
- 2 tree plantings and for erosion control and water quality management.
- 3 <u>4.1-21-06. State forester may accept land for forestry purposes.</u>
- 4 <u>The state forester may accept gifts, donations, or contributions of land suitable for forestry</u>
- 5 purposes and may enter agreements for acquiring, by lease, purchase, or otherwise, such lands
- 6 <u>as in the state forester's judgment are desirable for state forestry purposes.</u>
- 7 <u>4.1-21-07. Obligations incurred in acquiring land Payment.</u>
- 8 Obligations incurred by the state forester in the acquisition of land under this chapter must
- 9 be paid solely and exclusively from revenues derived from that land, and may not impose any
- 10 <u>liability upon the general credit and taxing power of the state.</u>

11 <u>4.1-21-08. Powers of state forester when lands acquired or leased.</u>

- 12 When lands are acquired or leased under section 4.1-21-06, the state forester may make
- 13 expenditures from any funds not otherwise obligated for the management, development, and
- 14 <u>utilization of those areas. The state forester may provide recreational services within those</u>
- 15 areas and may charge a user fee in an amount sufficient to cover the cost of providing those
- 16 <u>services. The state forester may sell or otherwise may dispose of products from those lands and</u>
- 17 may make necessary rules to carry out the purposes of this chapter.
- 18 <u>4.1-21-09. Revenue received from lands acquired or leased Regulations governing -</u>

19 Payments in lieu of taxes.

- 20 <u>All revenues derived from lands acquired or leased under this chapter must be segregated</u>
- 21 by the state treasurer for the use of the state forester in the acquisition, management,
- 22 <u>development, and use of such lands. However, from those revenues derived from agricultural</u>
- 23 leases there must be paid over to the governing body of the county in which those lands are
- 24 located, an amount sufficient to cover the loss of tax revenues, if any, resulting from such
- 25 acquisition or lease.

26 <u>4.1-21-10. State forester may sell, exchange, or lease lands.</u>

- 27 The state forester may sell, exchange, or lease lands under the state forester's jurisdiction
- 28 when in the state forester's judgment it is advantageous to the best orderly development and

29 management of state forests and state parks, except any sale, lease, or exchange may not be

30 contrary to the terms of any contract that the state has entered.

1 4.1-21-11. Agreements for shelterbelt lands by state. 2 Any board or officer having the control or management of any real estate belonging to or 3 controlled by this state or any of its political subdivisions may enter agreements with the officers 4 and agents of the United States for the improvement by the United States of any of those lands 5 by the establishment and maintenance on those lands of shelterbelts composed of trees, other 6 plants, and necessary protective structures and works. Every agreement must describe 7 particularly the land to be covered by the shelterbelt, must be recorded at the expense of the 8 United States in the county where the land is situated, and thereafter all leases, sales, and 9 other disposition of such land are subject to the agreement. 10 4.1-21-12. Trees for North Dakota program and trust fund. 11 The trees for North Dakota program is created for the public purpose of strengthening the 12 tradition of tree planting and management in this state. 13 A special fund known as the trees for North Dakota program trust fund is established in the 14 state treasury. Income earned on moneys in the fund must be credited to the fund. The state 15 forester shall deposit all program funds received from governmental and private sources in the 16 trust fund. Program funds may be expended for direct costs or distributed for grants and 17 contracts by the state forester within the limits of legislative appropriations for defraying the 18 costs associated with execution of the trees for North Dakota program. 19 Any political subdivision of the state may provide financial aid or supportive services to the 20 trees for North Dakota program. 21 SECTION 4. Chapter 4.1-22 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as 22 follows: 23 4.1-22-01. Definitions. 24 In this chapter, except as otherwise provided: 25 1. "Certificate of inspection" means a document issued or authorized by the 26 commissioner stating nursery stock is practically free from damaging pests. 27 2. "Commissioner" means the agriculture commissioner or the commissioner's designee. 28 3. "Grower" means any person that takes a reproductive part of nursery stock and 29 increases the size and development of the stock for at least one full growing season. A 30 grower includes a person producing nursery stock from tissue culture.

1	<u>4.</u>	"Infested" means infected with a quantity of pests or so exposed to a quantity of pests	
2		that it would be reasonable to believe potential for harm or threat to the health of the	
3		host nursery stock exists.	
4	<u>5.</u>	"Nonhardy" means plant species, varieties, and cultivars that will not survive climatic	
5		conditions in North Dakota.	
6	<u>6.</u>	"Nursery" means any place where nursery stock is propagated, grown, or offered for	
7		sale.	
8	<u>7.</u>	"Nursery stock" means all trees, shrubs, woody vines and their parts that are capable	
9		of propagation or growth, except seed. Only plants intended for outdoor planting are	
10		considered nursery stock.	
11	<u>8.</u>	"Pest" means any invertebrate animal, pathogen, parasitic plant, or other similar	
12		organism that can cause damage to nursery stock.	
13	<u>9.</u>	"Place of business" means each separate location from which nursery stock is being	
14		offered for sale.	
15	<u>10.</u>	"Viable nursery stock" means nursery stock that is capable of living and accomplishing	
16		the purpose for which it is grown, whether for foliage, flowers, fruit, or special use.	
17	4.1-22-02. Administration - Rulemaking authority.		
18	The commissioner shall administer this chapter. The commissioner may adopt rules under		
19	chapter 28-32 to implement this chapter.		
20	4.1-22-03. Authority for inspection.		
21	The commissioner shall inspect all nursery stock being grown in North Dakota at least once		
22	each year and may enter and inspect any nursery or place of business during normal business		
23	hours.		
24	<u>4.1-</u>	22-04. Authority for abatement - Removal from sale.	
25	After giving notice to the owner or the owner's agent, the commissioner may destroy, treat,		
26	or remo	ve from sale, at the owner's expense, any nursery stock offered for sale found to be not	
27	viable, not accompanied by a certificate of inspection, not labeled correctly, or infested with a		
28	pest.		
29	<u>4.1-</u>	22-05. Certification of nursery stock.	
30	The commissioner shall issue a certificate of inspection annually for nursery stock grown in		
31	licensed nurseries within the state found to be practically free from damaging pests. Certificates		

1	expire on December thirty-first each year unless canceled at an earlier date. Certification may
2	be withheld by the commissioner when nursery stock is infested with a pest or if weeds or other
3	objects prevent an adequate inspection of the nursery stock. All nursery stock being offered for
4	sale within the state must be from officially inspected sources. A copy of a certificate of
5	inspection from the state of origin must accompany each commercial lot or shipment of nursery
6	stock that is transported into or offered for sale within North Dakota. All copies of the North
7	Dakota certificate of inspection required for shipping purposes must be approved by the
8	commissioner.
9	<u>4.1-22-06. Nursery license - Fee.</u>
10	A person may not sell nursery stock without a license issued by the commissioner. Licenses
11	expire on December thirty-first each year unless revoked at an earlier date. An application for
12	renewal of license with any additional information required by the commissioner must be
13	submitted and accompanied by a fee of fifty dollars on or before December thirty-first each year.
14	A separate license is required for each place of business. A fee of ten dollars must be submitted
15	for each additional license, other than the principal place of business. A license may not be
16	issued to a grower unless the grower has first been issued a certificate of inspection.
17	4.1-22-07. Labeling and standards for nursery stock.
18	A person may not sell or offer for sale any nursery stock not labeled in accordance with the
19	international code of nomenclature for cultivated plants with the complete correct botanical or
20	approved recognized common name. All nonhardy trees and shrubs, as determined by the
21	commissioner, must be labeled "nonhardy in North Dakota". All nursery stock offered for sale or
22	distribution must be in a viable condition and must be stored and displayed under conditions
23	that will maintain its viability. Materials used to coat the aerial parts of the plant which change
24	the appearance of the plant surface to prevent adequate inspection are prohibited.
25	4.1-22-08. Misrepresentation.
26	A person may not misrepresent the name, age, origin, grade, variety, quality, or hardiness of
27	any nursery stock being offered for sale.
28	4.1-22-09. Reciprocal agreements.
29	The commissioner may enter reciprocal agreements with officers of other states for the
30	recognition of official licenses and inspection certificates.

1 4.1-22-10. Exemptions. 2 The commissioner may exempt certain nursery stock, nurseries, or persons from all or part 3 of the provisions of this chapter. Exemptions from licenses and fees may include: Persons growing and propagating nursery stock for research or experimental 4 1. 5 purposes; 6 Soil conservation districts selling nursery stock for the prevention of soil and wind 2. 7 erosion or other conservation plantings; and 8 <u>3.</u> Persons growing nursery stock for noncommercial purposes or that the commissioner 9 designates as exempt. 10 4.1-22-11. Penalties - Criminal - Civil - License revocation or nonrenewal. 11 It is a class B misdemeanor for any person to violate this chapter, or any rules adopted <u>1.</u> 12 under this chapter. 13 2. Any person who violates any provision of this chapter, or rule adopted under this 14 chapter, is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed five hundred dollars for each 15 violation. The civil penalty may be adjudicated by the courts or by the commissioner 16 through an administrative hearing under chapter 28-32. 17 <u>3.</u> The department may maintain, in accordance with the laws of this state, an 18 appropriate civil action in the name of the state against any person violating this 19 chapter or rules adopted under this chapter. 20 The commissioner may refuse to grant a license to any person found guilty of <u>4.</u> 21 repeated violations of this chapter or rules adopted under this chapter, or to any 22 person who has failed to pay an adjudicated civil penalty for violation of this chapter 23 within thirty days after a final determination that the civil penalty is owed. 24 SECTION 5. Chapter 4.1-48 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as 25 follows: 26 4.1-48-01. Definitions. 27 In this chapter, unless the context or subject matter otherwise requires: 28 "Buyer" means an individual, group of individuals, organization, or entity that in the 1. 29 ordinary course of business buys potatoes or byproducts of potatoes grown in this 30 state or that contracts with a potato producer to grow potatoes in this state.

1	<u>2.</u>	"Good faith" means honesty in fact and the observance of reasonable commercial		
2		standards of fair dealing.		
3	<u>3.</u>	"Potatoes" means potatoes or byproducts of potatoes produced for use in or as food,		
4		seed, feed, or other byproducts of the farm for the same or similar use.		
5	<u>4.</u>	"Producer" means an individual, group of individuals, organization, or entity that		
6		produces or causes to be produced potatoes by contracting with a buyer or processor		
7		to provide management, labor, machinery, facilities, or any production input for the		
8		production of potatoes.		
9	4.1-48-02. Unfair acts and practices prohibited.			
10	The following prohibited acts or practices, when engaged in by a buyer in connection with a			
11	potato production contract or purchase involving potatoes constitute unfair acts or practices for			
12	purpose	s of this chapter. A buyer may not:		
13	<u>1.</u>	Use coercion, intimidation, the threat of retaliation or the threat of contract termination,		
14		cancellation, or nonrenewal to impose, demand, compel, or dictate terms, payment or		
15		manner of payment, or the signing of a contract by a potato producer.		
16	<u>2.</u>	Use coercion, intimidation, the threat of retaliation, or the threat of contract		
17		termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal to require a producer to make capital		
18		improvements such as buildings or equipment.		
19	<u>3.</u>	Interfere with, restrain, or coerce a producer in the exercise of the right to join, form, or		
20		assist a producer bargaining cooperative or association.		
21	<u>4.</u>	Refuse to deal with a producer because of the exercise of the right to join and belong		
22		to a producer bargaining cooperative or association.		
23	<u>5.</u>	Refuse to provide to the producer, upon request, the statistical information and the		
24		data used to determine compensation paid to the producer for settlement.		
25	<u>6.</u>	Refuse to allow a producer or the producer's designated representative to observe, by		
26		actual observation at the time of weighing, the weights and measures used to		
27		determine the producer's compensation at settlement.		
28	<u>7.</u>	Use the performance of any other producer to determine the settlement of a producer.		
29	<u>8.</u>	Refuse to bargain with an established producer bargaining cooperative or association		
30		formed for the purpose of negotiating contracts and agreements.		

1	4.1-48-03. Civil liability for damages from an unfair act or practice.		
2	A person who engages in conduct that constitutes an unfair act or practice under section		
3	4.1-48-02 is liable to a producer for all damages caused to the producer by the unfair act or		
4	practice	·	
5	<u>4.1-</u>	<u>48-0</u> 4	4. Good faith - Damages for violation - Penalty.
6	The	re is a	an implied promise of good faith by all parties to a potato production contract. In an
7	action to	o reco	over damages, if the court or a jury finds there has been a breach of the implied
8	promise	of go	ood faith, in addition to other damages authorized by law, attorney's fees and court
9	<u>costs m</u>	ay be	awarded.
10	<u>4.1-</u>	<u>48-0</u> {	5. Recapture of capital investment required by a potato production contract.
11	<u>1.</u>	<u>A co</u>	ontractor may not terminate or cancel a contract that requires a producer to make a
12		<u>cap</u>	ital investment in buildings or equipment that cost one hundred thousand dollars or
13		mor	e and have a useful life of five or more years until:
14		<u>a.</u>	The producer has been given written notice of the intention to terminate or cancel
15			the contract at least one hundred eighty days before the effective date of the
16			termination or cancellation, or as provided in subsection 3; and
17		<u>b.</u>	The producer has been reimbursed for damages incurred by an investment in
18			buildings or equipment that was made for the purpose of meeting minimum
19			requirements of the contract.
20	<u>2.</u>	<u>Exc</u>	ept as provided in subsection 3, if a producer fails to comply with the provisions of
21		<u>a co</u>	ontract that requires a capital investment subject to subsection 1, a contractor may
22		<u>not</u>	terminate or cancel that contract until:
23		<u>a.</u>	The contractor has given written notice with all the reasons for the termination or
24			cancellation at least ninety days before termination or cancellation, or as
25			provided in subsection 3; and
26		<u>b.</u>	The recipient of the notice fails to correct the reasons stated for termination or
27			cancellation in the notice within sixty days of receipt of the notice.
28	<u>3.</u>	<u>The</u>	one hundred eighty-day notice period under subsection 1, and the ninety-day
29		<u>noti</u>	ce period and the sixty-day notice period under subsection 2, are waived and the
30		<u>con</u>	tract may be canceled or terminated immediately if the alleged grounds for
31		tern	nination or cancellation are:

1	<u>a.</u>	Voluntary abandonment of the contract relationship by the producer; or
2	<u>b.</u>	Conviction of the producer of an offense directly related to the business
3		conducted under the contract.
4	SECTIO	N 6. AMENDMENT. Section 57-38-34.6 of the North Dakota Century Code is
5	amended and	d reenacted as follows:
6	57-38-34	.6. Optional contributions to trees for North Dakota program trust fund.
7	An indivi	dual may designate on the tax return of that individual a contribution to the trees for
8	North Dakota	program trust fund of any amount of one dollar or more to be added to tax liability
9	or deducted f	rom any refund that would otherwise be payable by or to the individual. The tax
10	commissione	r shall notify taxpayers of this optional contribution on the individual state income
11	tax returns. T	he tax commissioner shall transfer the amount of optional contributions under this
12	section to the	e state treasurer for deposit in the trees for North Dakota program trust fund for use
13	as provided i	n chapter 4-21.2<u>4</u>.1-21 .